#### THE EX-QUEEN'S CASE.

NO FORMAL PROTEST AGAINST ANNEXATION NOW LIKELY.

THE COMMISSIONERS TO START FOR SAN FRAN

CISCO THURSDAY-THEY EXPECT TO CARRY

HOME THE NEWS OF ENTIFICATION.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBENE.] Washington, Feb. 21.-The unexplained failure of Paul Neumann, the agent of the dethroned Hawaiian queen now in Washington, to keep the appointment made for him with the Secretary State is taken centrally to mean that the ex-Queen's followers have given up all idea of a formal protest against annexation, if, indeed, they ev ? seriously contemplated such a cour c of action. Mr. Neumann, the ex-Querr's agent, has been in this country almost as long as have the Hawaiian commissioners, but so far he has carefully refrained from presenting himself or his case in any official way to the State Department.

After linguistra an a accountable length of

time in San Franci-co while the commissioners were at work in Washington, Mr. Neumann came ranged for a meeting with Secretary Foster. The Secretary was in Watertown, N. Y., when Mr. Neumann first called at the Department, and an appointment was made for a conference last evening at 7 o'clock. Mr. Foster travelled all Sunday night and most of yester lay to get here in time for the interview, but on reaching the te Department could find no trace of Liliuokalani's acent. A secretary was sent to Mr. Neumann's hotel to remind him of his appointment, but the ex-Queen's envoy had disappeared without leaving any massage. This morning Secretary Foster waited another hour or two at the State Department to meet the belated agent, but had all his pains for nothing. As the Secretary will start for Paris on Thursday, no formal conference of any sort is now likely to be held.

Dispatches received from Berlin about a protest against Hawaiian annexation made by the German Colonial Association are regarded as of no significance whatever. The resolutions referred to were adopted by a sort of chamber of commerce and carry no official weight. Germany has had no more idea of filing a protest against onnexation than England or France.

Messrs. Thurston, Wilder and Castle, of the Hawaiian Commission, have arranged to leave Washington Thurs by morning for San Francisco, in order to catch the steamer sailing March 3 for Honolulu. They say they are going in the full hore that they may take back to Hawaii the news of the ratification of the treaty of annexation, and they want to be year San Francisco in case of such action, so that they may reach home with as little delay as possible. Mr. Marsden has already gone to New-York, but will make the transcontimental journey in company with his associates. Commissioner Carter, son of the former Hawalian Minister to the United States, will remain be hind in this city as the sole representative of the commissioners, and will see that their interests The length of his stay receive due attention. will depend altogether on Congress, as he is under instruction to remain until the treaty is disposed of one way or the other.

In a conversation to-day Mr. Marslen said: "We shall start for home Thursday. I have some business in Son Francisco that will require a few days before sailing. There is no need of all the commission staying here. We have signed the treaty; it is in the hands of the Senate, and there is nothing more for us to do."

"Do you feel pretty well satisfied with the prospect for ratification?"

Yes. I hear there is some opposition, but I think it will come out all right. Of course it requires a two-thirds vote, which, with a full Senate, would be easily obtained. I do not think the presence of the ex-Queen's representatives will have great influence, so far as the Senate is concerned. In fact, I do not apprehend of the Boston credit to the Navy. Cannot send by mail. any serious effort in this direction; it is too late. The United States Government is now virtually committed to annexation. I understand there was but one member of the Foreign Affairs Committee opposed to the report made by the committee in favor of the treaty." 'How do you regard the ex-Queen's protest?"

"It is mild, to say the least. There is very little effectiveness in it, or strength of statement. It could not be otherwise. While she speaks English very well, the ex-Queen does not understand the form of State papers. She has never However there was nothing to base her protest on. She was well aware of it, as were her advisers. She herself brought on the revolution. I do not think she has the least expectation of being restore! to power. She knows that would be impossible, whether annexation is accomplished or not. She has made herself so unpopular that she would not be tolerated as a ruler again. Her only hope to continue the monarchy is through her niece, Kaiulani, but even if the young Princess were queen, there would be always the influence and intrigues of the ex-Queen, who would have a sufficient following of the restless element to make So that with the young Princess as Queen things would be no better than under the former monarchy. But with annexation it would not matter whether the ex-Queen lived in Honolulu or on any of the islands. Her intrigues and influence would be powerless against the

"What effect did the revolution have on the

Queen Dowager ?"

'Oh, she was 'not in it.' Kapiolani simply took no part one way or the other. She remained in her own house, and as one might say, attended strictly to her own business. There was never much love between the sisters-in-law, and since the King's death, which made the Princess Liliuokalani Queen, there was less than ever. Kapiolani went to her own house after the King's death, where she has since lived quietly. Though keeping up no state as Queen Dowager, she has had a good-sized retinue around her. She is a rich woman and likes to make money. Since her retirement, Kapiolani has had more and more an eye to the main chance and lost no opportunity to make money. She is close, not to say penurious, and makes every dollar count. As there has been no sympathy between them, the Queen has been no sympathy between them, the Queen Dowager is not likely to shed any tears over the ex-Queen's change of fortune. Since the King's death the Government has given Kapiolani a small allowance, but she is very well able to live without it, and is not mentioned in the treaty. The downfall of the monarchy, therefore, will not affect the Queen Dowager, except in the loss of this small allowance."

"What do you think of Princess Kaiulani's recent appeal, is it genuine?"

"What do you think of Princess Kaiulani's recent appeal, is it genuine?"

The expression on the Hawaiian Commissioners face was not a bit serious as he replied:

"I think it was dictated by Theophilus Davis, who is in England looking after the Princess's education. Mr. Davis is the head of a large business in Honolulu, but has retired from active work. He is really a guardian of the Princess, and to a creat extent controls her words and actions. Her appeal to the American people is not without sentiment. If she were here no doubt she would have some influence, for she is personally attractive; in fact, she is a beautiful young woman; and who knows how much the Senate would be influenced by sentiment and beauty? But there is no probability of her coming to the United States now. Had there been any intention of this, Mr., Davis and the Princess would have left England when we arrived in San Francisco, and would have reached here soon after the Commission."

MR. NEUMANN TELLS WHY HE FAILED TO

APPEAR.
Washington, Feb. 21.-Mr. Neumann called at the State Department this afternoon and explained to Secretary Foster why he failed to meet that official last night, according to the notification given him at the State Department last Friday. It appears the address of the Secretary's temporary residence misled him, and he failed to find the place. Re-course to the directory gave him Mr. Foster's per-

ent address, which is now closed. A statement of the conference between the two will be sent to the President for transmission to the Sense, for consideration in connection with the other information on this subject now before that body.

An additional batch of correspondence relating to

Hawaii was sent to the Senate this afternoon, under executive seal.

THE QUEEN'S SIDE OF THE CASE. A TALK WITH E. O. MACFARLANE, WHO CAME HERE WITH PRINCE DAVID.

E. O. Macfarlane and Prince Kawananakoa, who, with Faul Neumann, came to the United States to present the Queen's side of the Hawalian situation before the Secretary of State, says that the only hope they can now see for them is that the present Congress will not ratify the treaty which has been drawn up and signed. Mr. Macfarlane and the Prince, who were at the Victoria Hotel yesterday, said to a Tribune reporter that they felt that they had not been treated fairly in the matter, and that an attempt had been to close the negotiations with undue haste.

"But we are not going to Lakewood to complain to Mr. Cleveland," said Mr. Macfarlane, "and I cannot understand how such a silly story got into print. We only hope now that matters will be delayed so that a non-partisan commission may be sent to Hawaii to ascertain to true state of affairs. The statements that have been made by the representatives of the other branches of the service had been reduced mo.a Provisional Government, in many cases, have not than \$1,500,000. been true. It is not true that any of the natives favor annexation, and many of the foreigners are op-posed to such a step. I am an American, and I am to the CarCoupler bill, the trouble began, and a strongly opposed to it. We are in favor of an Ameri- strong minority, chiefly composed of 8 utbern Democan protectorate, but nothing else. The natives on here in a leisurely way last week and ar- would rebel against an English-American protectorate Tennessee, demanded and obtained roll-call after or an English-American-German protectorate. They relicall on dilatory motions. The House was in want American protection and at the same time they deadlock from which escape want the rights of their sovereign maintained.

the Queen's envoy, telegraphed to secretary Foster and told him that he would reach Washington as soon will demand consideration of the Senate amendments as steam could get him there. We asked the Secretary to the Anti-Option bill, and allow no other business of State to delay final arrangements until the Queen's side had been heard, but it appears that Mr. Thurs-ten and the other commissioners rushed matters, and we did not get a hearing. The Queen was denied then in progress over the Car Canpler till. the privilege of sending a representative on the same boat with the Provisional Commissioners, and it seems ready been taken is certainly un-American. Queen expected, at least, to be heard, but we, it eems, were denied that right, and now we can only hope that matters will be delayed until the next Administration comes in.

"We do not favor annexation, for one reason, because the sugar interests of the islands would not be benefited by such a union as is proposed in the treaty. The treaty deprives us of making contracts aith laborers, and when we could not do that wages | rules and pass the bill; and if so, the only

a change would be beneficial to the provision from the Committee on Rules, Hawalians who work on the sugar plantations," was

terests of the country are affected everything etselfs also affected. As I understand it, the commisis also affected. As I understand it, the commis-sloners tried to get a bounty clause in the treaty, but it was refused. We may get the same bounty that is now paid to sugar growers here, but we are afraid that the bounty is not going to last much longer. But that is not the only point. We claim that the But that is not the only point. We claim that the also by many of the anti-sliver Democrats. In col-Queen was denied here rights in the first place in versation with a Tribune correspondent to-day refusing to permit her envey to come to the United states with Commissioner Thurston and the others.

ENCOURAGING PROSPECTS IN HAWAIL. Washington, Feb. 21.-The following telegram from Minister stevens, at Honolulu, received Saturday inst, was made public to-day:

Honolelu, February S, via San Francisco February 18. Secretary of State, Washington, D. C., care Secretary of

The affairs of State continue to be hepotul. Hotsling the share of Series conducts of this Government was expected. Subjects who were doubtful now for amexation. The natives show unexpected regard for the United States flag. Prudent conduct of Captain Wiltse, the officers and crew netton of routine business in the remain. Under the

THE BELGIC WILL CALL AT HONOLULU.

San Francisco, Feb. 21,-1t was announced to-day that the steamer Belgic, which sails on Thursday for Capital. Hong Kong, by way of Yokohoma, had been ordered to any proposition whatever, simply because of a political nat Honolulu. This change in the steamer's leaf pair with other senators, although politics has course, coupled with a telegram from New-York stating that United States troops were to be sent to Hawaii, at issue. Commenting on this manif st absurding Mr. Hale said:

THE NEW JERSEY DRIDGE BILL IN THE SENATE. Washington. Feb. 21.—The House New-York and panies from Presidio and Black Point were to be sent away on the steamer. At army headquarters the story was denied. The Beigle will, of course, carry a mail, and the first news of what the Commissioness have pairs. There is a full senate present, perhaps seventy agreed to will be taken down by her. By this means the people in Haweli will learn their pro-pective fate and the Commissioners will be able and the Commissioners will be able to get instruction by the Australia, which will be due here on March 8.

## GUARDING THE QUEENS COUNTY JAIL.

PANIC-STRICKEN PRISONERS IN LONG ISLAND

CITY-FIGHTING TYPHUS FEVER. Typhus fever reigned supreme in the Queens County Typlais fever reigned supreme in the Queens County | ter, every small vote on small things which do not touch Jail at Long Island City yesterday. Guards were | politics in any way whatever, where it is not known posted around the building to prevent any one from entering or leaving the prison. There are 150 prisoners in the jail. Most of them are in a panictricken condition. The five sick prisoners are in : cell on the top of the building away from all the others. Six other prisoners are held in another part of the jall as suspects. Miss Jerome Molliter still remains in charge of the nurses employed to care for the victims. The Board of Supervisors will hold a meeting to-day to take action regarding the typhus outbreak. Sheriff Norton has opened his office at Jamaica, and County Treasurer Dykes is at the Queens County Bank, in Long Island City. Drs. Barry and Taylor are the attending physicians.

The County Courthouse has long been regarded as enwholesome, and the entire system of plumbing was renewed a few months ago at large expense. Judge Garretson's illness dates from the time of his holding court in the building.

The present Board of Health is composed of Glea

on men, whom Mayor Sanford declines to recognize.

Mayor Sanford demanded their resignations, and yesterday received two, those of Commissioners Evans and Wokel. Mayor Sanford yesterday appointed M. E. Fay and P. J. Guench as Health Commissioners.

## A WOMAN SNOWBALLS A BROKER.

A woman who gave her name as Sarah Collins, accompanied by another woman, created a scene down town yesterday afternoon by following George Gilderand Joseph H. Locke through the streets and throwing lumps of snow at them. The Collins woman called at No. 55 Broadway to see Mr. Gildersleeve. she said she was his wife, and wanted money. refused to give her anything, and to get rid stepped from the hall of the building into Exchange Alley with his friend. The woman followed them down to Churchest., and through Rector-st. into Broadway, opposite Trinity Church. There a policeman was asked to arrest the women, but he refused to do so without a warrant. He did, however, tell the woman to go away and started her up Broadway. As she went away she said she was Mr. Gilder-sleeve's wife and wanted to be supported. He says he is not married to her even by common law.

A GOOD TIME AT THE NEW YORK TRADE SCHOOL.

A social gathering of the day and night classes of the New-York Trade School was held at the school auditorium, First-ave., and Sixty-seventh-st., lest night, under the anspices of the Auchmuty Mu-sical Society. An interesting musical and literacy programme was given, in which the following took part: C. F. Rudenauet, L. H. Hallen, James M. Heatherton, jr., John Byrns, Mr. Worth, Mr. Whelpley, Miss Radcliffe and Mr. Newman. The Rev. Dr. W. s. Rainsford, made the address of the evening. The pupils of the plumbing class gave Miss Radeliffe a beautiful stand of flowers.

## TO HOLD A BLAINE MEMORIAL MEETING.

The Brooklyn Young Republican Club will hold a Blain memorial meeting on Monday evening next at S o'clock, in Association Hall, at Fulton and Bond sts. Thomas Fitch, the Roy. Dr. A. J. F. Behrends, Stephen V. White and Charles A. Moore will address the meeting. Seats will reserved for ladies till 7:45 o'clock. Tickets may be had at the headquarters of the club in the Johnston Building, which will be open every evening during the week.

The pupils of the Greenport, L. I., Union School are in rebellion against Principal A. W. Rogers and some of his teachers. Charges have been made to the Board of Education, and there are several indignant families who assert that their children have been treated in a brutal manner by the teachers. THE FIGHT ON IN THE HOUSE

THREATS TO FORCE A SPECIAL SESSION THE ANTI-OPTION BILL AND THE BOND AMEND-

MENT THE CHIEF CAUSES OF DIFFICULTY -TWO APPROPRIATION BILLS STILL ON THE CALENDAR.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Feb. 21.-The fight is on in the House of Representatives, and two of the general appropriation bills still remain on the calendar. The Postoffice bill might have been passed to-day if it and not been for the strong tide of eloquence which et in and could not be dammed. It was all ex pended upon an Item of \$193,000 for special rallway mail facilities which had been recommended by th Postoffice Committee, despite the fact that no estimate for it had been submitted by the Postmaster-General, and the further fact that his estimates for

When the Postoffice bill was laid aside and an crats under the lead of Blehardson and M-MBBb, of At the same time the cheerful information was "When we reached San Francisco, Mr. Neumann, as | parted to members of the House by Chairman Hatch of the Committee on Acriculture, that to-morrow he to be done until that measure has been disposed of. Everybedy knew that this would provoke another light even more bitter and stubbern than the one

Colonel Hatch threatens to force a special session unless the Anti-Option bill is allowed to pass, and to me that the step toward annexation that has al-ready been taken is certainly un-American. The are willing to accept the issue rather than allow it Meanwhile the extreme sliver men declare with equal emphasis that they filluster against the consideration of the Sundry Civil 1111 until the last hour of the session if it shall come to the House with the bond amendment; and already plans are discussed to defeat them and save the bill The opponents of the bond provision claim to be strong enough to defeat a motion to suspend the save it will be by a special order with a closure

This is the condition of affairs in the House of rested.

Yes," was the reply, "but when the sugar in-States with Commissioner Thurston and the others. Then the American Minister, without the advice of concent of the foreign diplomatic corps, and when there was not the slightest occasion for it, landed proops from the warship Boston. When we come have a trenty is drawn and signed and we do not nave an opportunity to say a word.

"Next year Princess Kainland was coming here to enter Well sley College to complete here clucation, and the Hawatian people after the Princess had finished nor studies here hoped to welcome home an American Hawatian severeign. There is no good reason for depriving the Queen and the Princess of their rights, and ally we ask is to be heard.

The Prince returned to Washington vesterday. He and his visit here was simply to call on flends. Mr. Macfarlane will remain here for several days,

Inclines.

There is another element in the House which is not averse to an early special session. It is composed of a number of men who favor the re-electron of Speaker (risp, and who fear that if Congressiall not assemble till rear fail the Administration will be able to compass its defeat. The recent political developments in New York have opened their eyes to a danger in the existence of which many of them had steadily refused to beneve.

SENATOR HALF'S EXCELLENT SUGGESTION THAT

vesterday during the debate on the Sundry Civil Apaction of routine business in the Senate. of opposite paries it has often been impossible to get a voting quorum in the senate, though more than fifty or sixty Senators have been present at the Captud. Many senators have declined to vote on

"The state of the last vote leads me to venture members, and yet the vote discloses no such number.
It is the habit, and a very good habit, for general practice being that it shall apply to large and political

Senator's record is preserved by his pair being an how a Schator on either side would vote, pairs are constantly being announced. This practice hinders business, prevents us from getting a quorum, and sometimes keeps us suspended for the chance of of getting two or three votes when there are sixty sepators in the chamber.

Senator who is paired can easily correct. I was paired for years with the former Senator from Kenucky, Mr. Beck, whom we all lament, and our pair was based upon the proposition that we each under-stood that the other might vote at any time when, in his judgment, it was not a question calling for the announcement of the pair. I do not think the pair was announced between us once in a month. I have now the same kind of a pair with the senator from North Carolina (Mr. Ransom). Only on large questions where I am confident what his position ould be do I announce the pair, or does he ancounce the pair. I do not think since the pair has een existing between us it has been announced three times. Each of us votes on all ordinary questions, whether the other is present or not, to help make

quorum. "We are near the end of the session, with eleven We are hear the end of the second, the reven-working days left, and the time consumed by the daily announcement of pairs is a material one and obstructs business. It seems to me that senators can help this very much by liberalizing the arrange-ments about pairs."

#### THE SUNDRY CIVIL PILL IN THE SENATE. NO PROVISION FOR A NEW SITE FOR THE GOV-ERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Washington, Feb. 21 .- In the Senate to-day the nebleration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was proceeded with, the amendments being those dered by Mr. Manderson and Mr. Vest in regard to the site for the Government Printing Office. Vest's amendment for the purchase of the Mahone act was rejected-yeas 21, mays 24.

The question recurred on Mr. Manderson's amend ment for the purchase of the Johnson lot. Allisen said that the committee had taken no notion on the subject, but he himself favored the purchase Mahone tract. He was of opinion, however that if nothing were done on the subject the country could survive it.

Mr. Manderson's amendment was rejected-yeas 21, mays 28. The result is that no provision is made the bill for a site for the Government Printing

Mr. Hiscock offered an amendment fixing the limit of cost of the public building at Buffalo at Jams, Charles L. Mead, W. H. Hart, David Williams, \$2,500,000; also one appropriating \$50,000 for the Charles Miller, George H. Sargert and James H. ompletion of a public building at Newburg, N. Y. Graham.

Cal., from \$70,000 to \$80,000. Mr. Gorman appealed to Mr. Hawley not to press

tained \$2,617,000 for National homes besides \$550,-

his power. He hoped that the new Administration

creasing appropriations for other homes.

An amendment which was offered by Mr. Davis in relation to the timber culture laws gave rise to a legal discussion which lasted, nearly three hours.

As the vote was about to be taken by the yeas and mays (which would probably have revealed the absence of a quorum). Mr. Allison proposed that all contested amendments should go over till to-morrow, and the proposition was agreed to.

Tarious other amendments were agreed to, and the bill was reported to the senate from the Committee of the Wholei and all the amendments (unreserved) were agreed to—the bill to be open to-morrow to new amendments. creasing appropriations for other homes.

ate then, at 10:20 p. m., adjourned t'll to-

MISSTATEMENTS ABOUT BEHRING SEA. THE REPORTED RENEWAL OF THE MODUS

VIVENDI UNNECESSARY. Washington, Feb. 21.-The unofficial anne of the extension of the Behring Sca modus vivendi by "The Victoria (B. C.) Colonisi," the Government organ, as reported in this morning's dispatches, indicates a lack of information upon the subject which tends to cast a doubt upon the accuracy of he report. In connection with the proclamation on 1802, of the treaty under which the whole Behring Sea contention was submitted to a court of arbitration, a renewal of the modus vivendi was also proclaimed, which by express terms runs until Ocober 31, 1893, the intention being to have it cover the term during which the arbitration preceedings might be expected to last. "A new arrangement xclude all sealers from Behring Sea, at least until fanuary 1, 1-94," which "The Colonist" is credited January 1, 1-94," which "The Colonist" is credited with saying "will be at nonreed in the course of a few week, its therefore entirely unnecessary.

The London dispatch stating that "the supplementary civil service estimates contain an usem of 220,000 for the compensation of Behring Sea scalers for losses due to the dylay in arranging a modus vive.na in 1-94," it is said, indicates no new policy on the part of the British Government. The British authorities have asserted, ever since the business of Caradian scalers was interferred with by the modus vivenal, that they have been paying the scalers for their losses.

#### NOT INTERFERING IN SAN DOMINGO, THIS GOVERNMENT NOT INTERESTED IN THE CONCESSION GRANTED TO AN AMERI-

CAN SYNDICATE.

Washington, Feb. 21.-Mr. Sagrarlo, Secretary and Charge D'Affaires of the Spanish Legation, catled at as William K. McClure is called, and at the end of the State Department this afternoon to learn 7 this the "Big Island Waltz" Eugène Hawkins told a stor. everement had any chicial information regarding the customs concession made by the Government of San hunting resort in Maine. While there on a hu Domings to a syndicate of residents of the United said Mr. McClure shot into a flock of tame ducks States, or was interesting itself in the matter. The which he thought to be wild maliards. The owner ground of the inquiry was a telegram from Madrid of the birds had made Mr. McClure pay \$95 for killing of the customs concession and occasioned a feeling get the ducks.

The hall at United States in Dominican affairs. The telegrate further stated that if the Independence of San Do The telegram

noingo were threatened by any action of the United States, Spain might enter a protest.

Mr. Sagnario was told that this Government had no official information regarding the affair, and that there was no ground for the intimation that the United States was interfering with san Domingo in any

Persons acquainted with the condition of affairs say at spain's concern in the matter is due to the ap-reheasten that a senson of presperity for the sugar anters of san Domingo under the system of develop-net proposed by the American syndicate, will inent proposed by the American syndrate, will entably lead to a revolution in Cuba against Spat wheely and the subsequent establishment of dlean form of government like that of San Do

#### SELECTING LOCAL POSTOFFICE BOARDS.

Wa hington, Feb. 21.-The Civil Service Commission is now selecting members of the local boards of exwithin the classified service by the order of the Preident of January 5 last. There are altogether 601

#### SENATOR LINDSAY TAKES HIS SEAT.

Washington, Feb. 21.-The credentials of William place of Mr. Carlisle, resigned, were presented and read in the Senate to day; and then Mr. Lindsay was excerted to the Vice-President's desk where he took no doubt that we shall reach a the oath of effice. The credentials of William V. on an equitable basis if that is the Allen, as Senator from Nebraska, from March 4, next, in place of Mr. Paddock, were also presented and placed an file.

Washington, Feb. 21.-The House New-York and New Jersey hildge bill was presented to the Senate to-day and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

## MONEY FOR THE NEW-YORK CUSTOM HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 21 (Special).-Senator Hiscock secured this afternoon the adoution of an amendment the two sides of the chamber, the foundation of the more for the purchase of the site for the new Custom House in New York City. some opposition was made to the appropriation and Mr. Allison would not consent to its acceptance until he had secured the abolition of the Custom House Building Commission, provided for by existing law. The \$200,000 given by the amendment is in raddition to \$1,500,000 already appropriated, and will be used in completing the purposed site. The new building will be built, according to Mr. Allison's amendment, under the sole direction of the Trensury authorities.

#### AN ALL NIGHT SESSION IN THE HOUSE. Washington, Feb. 21.-Filibustering continued all

the evening in the House. There was a lack of a quorum, and the Sergeant at Arms was ordered to bring in absentees. Soon after midnight the Speaker stated that the Sermont at Arms was unable to execute the order of the House, having been unable, on account of the dangerous readition of the streets, to secure vehicles from the livery stables. In view of this statement Mr. Mose moved an adjournment, but the motion was voted down.

## NEW WOOL OF ASSISTENTIONS PSTABILISHED.

Washington, Feb. 21.-The Treasury Department Issued a circular to day establishing the new classification of wool samples. It says that, in pursuance of committee to advise the Department as to the propriety of adding to or renewing the standard wool samples then in use. In their final report, which is dated February 15, 1893, the committee remark that the principle of classification recognized by them was that of race and blood only, and not that of use or adaptability, and they further state that in their classification it will be found that there are wools in the first class suitable only for carpets and others in the first class suitable only for carpets and others in the third class from which a fair article of clothing could be made. Cabinets of standard samoles will be sent to Collectors at all the principal ports. The committee recomment that samples of noils should be numbered upward from No. 1, first-class wool from No. 101, sectual class wool from No. 201, and third-class from No. 301. The samples con-tained in the cabinets are established as standards.

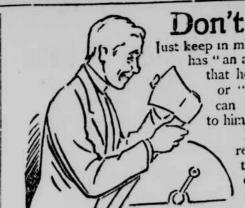
## MEN OF STEEL AND IRON.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE HARDWARE AND METAL TRADES DINE AT SHERRY'S.

The members of the hardware and metal trades, 328 strong, met at Sherry's last evening for their fifth dinner. W. H. Williams, president of the Hardware Club of New York, was tonstmaster, and had the centre sent at the main table. At his right were seated the lev. W. C. Bitting, Edward S. Clinch, Henry R. Towne Thomas E. Keating, Andrew S. Upson, Webster R. Walkley, Horace Hayden, Archibald P. Mitchell, James M. Kennedy and Charles E. Andrews. On his left were Charles A. Moore, A. Oakes Ames, John A. Cock erill, W. J. Coombs, J. M. Woodenff, Richard P. Will

At 11 o'clock the diners suspended all conversation. Mr. Hawley moved to increase the appropriation at the order of the chairman, and prepared to listen to for the Soldiers' National Home at Santa Monica, the orators of the evening. "Trade and Finance" were discussed by W. J. Coombs, "Tubni Cain's Place in Life" was explained by the Rev. W. E. Bitting, the amendment. He reminded him that the bill con- "The Amenities of Business" were expeanded by Charles A. Moore, "Tendencles" was the subject of 000 for homes In the territories. He hoped that the Senator from Connecticut would not force this additional apprepriation when there was no necessity for after-dinner orator, John A, Cockerill spoke on "Sword Mr. Hawley declared that he would force it with all the skillful handling of Web-ter R. Walkle...

Among those present were J. L. Appleton, Thomas



Don't be the Axe lust keep in mind that the grocer or the peddler has "an axe to grind" when he tells you that he has something "as good as" or "the same as" Pearline. There can be but one reason-more profit to him by your use of the substitutes.

But how is it with you? What reason can you have for wanting to take the risk? Certainly not economy - Pearline leads to the greatest economy in every direction - saves the most money. time, clothes and health. If your grocer sends you an imitation, be JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

honest-send it back. win M. Millard, Ira Miller, George Munson, E. J. Neale, James Nicolson and W. C. Page.

JOLLY SPORTSMEN DINE.

THE SIXTH ANNUAL DINNER OF THE MEGANTIC PISH AND GAME CLUB.

The dinners of the Megantle Fish and Game Club are always a specess. The sixth annual diamer, which was held at the Hoffman House last evening, was especially so. The game and fish on the menu card had been provided by the club members for the occasion, and nothing better could have been found in New-York. About 150 of the club's members sat down to the table. An elaborate musical programme, which read in part as follows, had been prepared: "Over the Hills to Crosby Camp," by Remo; "Spider Lake Moonlight," Jack Beyle; "The Sensations of Fisherman When He Loses a Four-Pound Trout," Gleason; "Sitting on a Log and Shooting a Mouse Seth P.; "Ruch Fever," Johnny Cutier; "Where Did You Get Those Deer?" Nolan; "A Buckboard Ride to Cagner's," Read, and "Dig Island Waltz," "Uncle

Every member of the club knows "Uncle Billy." the "Big Island Waltz" Eugene Hawkins told a story about "Uncle Billy" going to Big Island, a popular blished this morning to the effect that the granting seven and wounding twelve of the flock. He did not

The hall at the Hoffman was decorated with moose Ariclo, of Cuba, had hinted at interference by the | heads, buffalo heads, antiers and other mounted wild game, valued at about \$10,000. Among these present at the didner were Heber Hestop, Alexander Taylor, Ir., Frederick A. Foster, L. Dana Chapman, Arthur W. Robinson, Charles Kilham, Walter C. Prescott, Simon Pavis, H. W. Sanborn, W. B. Hastings, James Brown, Dr. A. R. Breeth, Dr. W. G. Kendall, John W. Danklee, Frederick L. Gilbert, Samuel Islam, Eugene D. Hawkins, William K. McClure, S. C. Millartt, P. W. Barber, Frederick L. Brown, Charles H. Iyeckham, John W. Cutler, A. R. Justice, George H. Eurt and A. W. Glegson. Burt and A. W. Gleaso

## C. P. BUNTINGTON TALKS.

HE SAYS HE THINKS AN AGREEMENT WILL BE REACHED.

C. P. Huntington when asked yesterday about the denial of General Newton and other others of the Panama Railroad Company that there was any prospect Railroad and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, which Mr. Huntington had said was near at hand,

the developments in New York have opened their cycle to a danger in the existence of which many of them had steadily refused to believe.

AN ABUSE OF SENATE PAIRS.

ENATOR HALE'S EXCELLENT SUGGESTION THAT THEY BE DISREGARDED IN MINOR MATTERS.

Washington, Feb. 21, especials—In a brief special esterilar during the debate on the Sandry Civil Approximates are possible to make the commission. It is said, to the presentation on the knowledge that the interests of the two companies ran side by side, and were bound to come to come to an agreement. It have written several letters offering to come to an agreement, but a first colorable to make the commission. It has been the aim of the commission, the statement of the greatest of the said to the presentation of the greatest of the two companies are required by law to be presented in their colorable. On the said to the said to the said to the said to the presentation of the greatest of the two companies are required by law to be presented in their colorable. On the said to delice the said to th "There has been no contract made, it is true. That even a skeleton of an agreement offered by the Pacific Mail. There was something made by the Panama people, which they might have called a proposition, but I looked upon it as merely a loke of theirs. I have now simply offered to have our differences conslidered with a view to overcoming them, and I have friendly agreement on an equitable basis if that is the desire of all par-

Rathroad Company, sald: "Mr. Huntington thinks that an agreement will be reached, does he! He has written some letters to us talking in general terms about a settlement. He deals in gittering generalities, but he never comes down to anything definite about the rates of which we complain. In his last about the rates of which we companie the season letter be proposed that the question of rates he submitted to a conference of freight agents. That meant that the Transcontinental Association would fix our rates. We will not do snything like that. Mr. Cromwell will not answer Mr. Huntington's letter. The proposition will be imposed. No agreement can be well will not allower Mr. Runtington's letter. The proposition will be ignored. No agreement can be reached without concessions, which I do not believe Mr. Huntington will permit the Pacific Mail people to make, though two of their directors think our position is the right one."

COLONEL THOMPSON'S RESPONSIBILITY. Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 21.—Judge Patterson, Congressman from Tennessee, one of the Panama Committee, who was here yesterday to examine Colonel Thompson, said, before returning to Wash-

ington this morning:
"I believe from the evidence so far in hand that whatever may have been done by the bankers and others in connection with the American Committee, Colonel Thompson was horest in all the transactions he figured in, and if there was anything crooked he was not in it. His make-up is not that of a jobber, but I won't say that there were not lobs and crookedness and great extravagance on this side of the water." Congressman Storer, of Ohio, said: "The evidence showed that the bankers were engaged in an effort to form a syndicate among themselves to buy effort to form a syndicate among themselves to buy up the assets of the Panama Railrond Company and then sell it to the canal company, so as to have things both could and going. These bankers received vast sams annually from the Panama Canal Company for doing practically nothing. Colonel Thompson does not pretend to know what they did to receive the great sum of \$50,000 each per year, making a total of \$1,200,000 during these eight years. It was nothing less than robbery.

## RAILROAD INTERESTS.

LACKAWANNA DIRECTORS MEET.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western yesterday resuited in the election of substantially the old efficers and directors as follows: President, Samuel Sloan; secretary, Fred F. Chambers; trensurer, Frederick H. Gibbens; managers, John I. Blair, George Bills Percy R. Pyne, William W. Astor, William H. Apple ton, William Rockefeller, Eugene Higgins, Henry C. Taylor, Andrew H. McClintock, J. Rogers Maxwell, George F. Baker, James Stillman, Robert F. Pallantine and Alexander T. Van Nest. The three-men named last fill the vacancies caused by the death of Wilson G. Hunt, Benjamin G. Clarke and E. S. The New-York, Lackawanna and Western directors

were also re-elected at the annual meeting, is the Lackawanna's leased line to Buffalo.

TO INCREASE ITS CAPITAL STOCK. Hartford, Conn., Feb. 21 .- In the House this more ng, the petition of the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad to increase its capital stock to \$100, 000,000 was ordered placed at the top of the calendar for action to-morrow. 'The Senate insisted on the reference to the Committee on Railroads of the peti-ton of the New-York and New-England Railroad to Issue \$25,000,000 bonds, and appointed a committee

## THE NORTHERN PACIFIC CONTROVERSY

Regarding the assertions made by Edwin H. Abbot, president of the Wisconsin Central Company in his letter published yesterday morning, Henry Clews, chairman of the Northern Pacific Stockholders' Committee, says that the report is not the work of any single member, but represents the unanimous opinion of the committee, in which Mr. Rogers, its advisory counsel, fully concurs. He says furthermore that every statement as to profits and losses of the Wisconsin Central, as well as of the main line and all the branches, was received from the treasurer and auditor of the Northern Pacific Company, and that the committee has the documents to sustain its con-clusions. Attention is called to the fact that Mr. Alobot makes no reply to the parts of the report which reflect on the personal relations of the Wisconsin Central trustees with the Northern Pacific road.

has recently accepted a place to represent the Great Eastern Railroid of Eagland, well known in that country as the "Cathedral Route," from Liverpool to London. The headquarters of this agency for the United States and Canada will be in New-York City.

# Saratoga Kissingen Water Saratogs Kissingen Spring Co., BARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.

COMING TO THE GREAT FAIR.

INFANTA EULALJE OF SPAIN PREPARING FOR THE JOURNEY.

TO BE ACCOMPANIED BY SPANISH GRANDESS. DRITISH WARSHIPS FOR THE NAVAL REVIEW.

Madrid, Feb. 21.-The Infanta Entalle, who will represent Queen Resent Christina at the Chicago Co-immidan Exhibition, and her has and, Prince Antique who will accompany her to America, are already make ing their preparations for the James. The date of their arrival in New York is now long considered by the Foreign Office. A small court of granders will accompany them. In the party will be the Marcht new Comillas, the Duke of Tamaines, an indicate friend of the late King Alfonso, and the Duke of Veragua. They will travel in state on heard one of the Spanish mall steamers calling at Porto Rico, where they will remain for a day. Thence they will proceed to Havana, remaining there five days. During their sciours in lesa they will make a visit to either Malanzas or Santiago. From Cuba the party will sall for New York on a first-class Spanish cruiser. Their stay in the United States will be a short one.

The Infanta Eulalia is the nunt of the youthful King of Spain. Lately her health has been delicate, and it is thought that she is saffering with consumption. It is hoped that a sea voyage and a change of is the son of Prince Autobre of Orleans, Duke of Montponder, climate will prove beneficial to her. Prince Antoine

Montpensier.
London, Feb. 21.—In the House of Commons today the Right Hon. sir U. K. Santieworth, Serviary to the Admiratry, arnounced that the commander of the British fleet on the North Aradran Saden would attend the naval review at New York in honor of the Columbian anniversary with several vessels of war, and that the Admiratry was considering whether grant they would send additional Vessels.

BAVARIAN EXHIBITS AT CHICAGO. THE PARTS OF A TYPICAL VILLAGE TO COME FROM JAHORE-CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SULTAN.

Among the interesting exhibits at the World's Fair will be those representing the industries of Bavaria in general and of Nuremberg-the famous old city of Durer-in particular. About 300 cases, containing thousands of articles, arrived here a few days ago on the steamship H. H. Meier, consigned to the well-known firm of R. P. Downing & Co., No. 20 Exchange place. They were shipped to Chicago yesterday morning. Agents of the firm there will arrange them for ex-Ernest L. Oppenheim, the secretary of the Panama | hibition. The large consignment included glass work of all kinds, mirrors, plateglass, and thousands of varieties of toys which are made in Nurembers and other towns of Davaria. The inhabitants of a score of villages within a hundred miles of Nuremberg are employed almost exclusively in making articles to There were also in the cases amuse children. shipped a full outfit of a German kitchen, ornamental albums, chromo work, needles, wallpaper in various colors and bronze fountains. The ments were made in bonded cars.

J. J. Rooney, in spending for R. F. Downing & Co., yesterday, said that a typical village of Jahors would be received in parts by the firm in about two months for the World's Fair. "The village," added Mr. Rooney, "will be put up in Chicago by our men. Mr. Wildman, the United States Consul at Jahore, induced the Sultan to allow the village to be brought to this country. From it a good idea of the meaner of living in the domains of His Royal Highness can at the Fair. He is now at Carisbad, Germany, where he will remain until the early part of the sammer. In June, in all prof ability, he will arrive in New-York. The Government will detail several Navel effects to at-tend him during his travels. He is an exceedingly inter-esting man, elever and handsome. He is also fich, as his revenues amount to about \$6,000,000 a year. He speaks English fluently and is a man fally abreast of the times." obtained. The Sultan himself will also be a visiter

ABSURD FALSEHOODS ABOUT CONSPIRACIES. Potter Palmer, proprietor of the big hotel in Chicago named for him, says that the Chicago hotel men have not made any agreement to increase the rates during the World's Fair, and as far as his house is concerned, the rates to guests will be the same as are now. Mr. Pelmer is at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. and when seen by a reporter for The Tribane yester day, he said not only that there was no conspiracy to rob hotel patrons, but also that the story about a conspiracy on the part of New York exhibitors was also a falsehood that had been started by somebody who was anxious to create an unpleasant feeling be-

tween New-York and Chicago, "Chicago does not think that there is a conspiracy in New-York to injure the Fair," said Mr. Palmer, "and even if such a state of affairs did exist. it would not disturb the managers of the expesition. it would not disturb the managers of the expeditor, for there is nothing that New York can new do that can injure the Far. Success is already assured, and the getea will open promptly on May t, and nearly everything will be in its place. The expedition managers preserved an excellent site tor New York's building long after every other bit of space had been applied for and granted to other states. We knew that New York was not going to remain away from the Fair, and Chicago guarded the site with jealout care."

LANDING WORLD'S FAIR EXHIBITS.

The old frigate Constellation was towed to the Lehigh Valley Railroad pler yesterday morning to land the World's Pair exhibits brought from helf and France. The Vatican exhibit includes a large quantity of statuary and paintings, chiefly the work of American critists now in Italy, and the fresh exhibits include plaster casts of the statuary in the Trocadero, works of French artists, and exhibits from the French colonies. The Constellation is a famous old relie of the Navy, and is in fair condition considering her age and long, active service. She is built of live eak, and was kunched at Baltimore, December 7, 1797.

FOR A MEMORIAL TO MISS C. A. COVELL. The associate alumnue of the Normal College have begun a movement to establish a memorial to Miss Caro-line A. Cavell, who during twenty-two years performed such faithful work as instructor of art in the college. The such faithful work as instructor of art in the collect. The memorial will consist of a case of books on art subjects to be placed in the drawing-room for the use of the students; and that the memorial may be useful for extended reference the committee appeals for generous centributions from all who knew Miss Covell. Contributions may be sent to the Covell Memorial Committee, Alumnas may be sent to the Covell Memorial Committee, Alumnas Library, Normal College; or to Miss Ruth Merrington, Ome-hundred-and-forty-first-st, and the Boulevard; Mrs. Sophia K. Oak, No. 212 East Fifteth-st.; Miss Elizabeth S. Beach, No. 20 East One-hundred-and-twentisth-st.; Miss Struck M. Smith, Spoyten Duyvil, or Miss Mabel F. Randolph, No. 189 West Fifty-night-st. Randolph, No. 180 West Fifty-ninth-st.

KING'S DAUGHTERS AND SONS TO MEET. The New-York City Union of the Order of the King's Daughters and Sons will half its regular meeting at the Broadway Tabernacle on Thursday, at 3:30 p. m. Ever member of the order living in the city is a member of this union. There are three meetings each year. Missisth Low

New-York Central's elegant North Share, Limited, the favorite afternoon train for Chicago and the Was

would give the whole pension matter a thorough in- Atkinson, A. J. Barnett, E. V. Bayard, George J. TO REPRESENT AN ENGLISH ROAD HERE. spection; and if there should be some pension frauds | Bassett, Eugene Edsselt, F. R. Blauvett, James G. found out he would not be at all surprised. But | Bonbright, R. R. Breese, H. S. Brooke, R. M. Brunif. J. Retcham, formerly connected with the passenger epartment of the Philadelphia and Reading Rillway, Bonbright, R. R. Breese, H. S. Brooke, R. M. Brundlich and the would not be at all surprised. But that was wholly foreign to his proposition. General Franklin had written and telegraphed, requesting the additional appropriation to be made. After further discussion Mr. Hawley's amendment was agreed to; as were also some like amendments in the control of the control 1